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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. 10/080,791 02/22/2002 BSI-488US Patrick A. Haverkost 01/07/2005 **EXAMINER** Christopher R. Lewis DAWSON, GLENN K Ratner & Prestia ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER Suite 301, One Westlakes, Berwyn P.O. Box 980 3731 Valley Forge, PA 19482-0980

DATE MAILED: 01/07/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		i i
	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summary	10/080,791	HAVERKOST ET AL.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	Glenn K Dawson	3731
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the	e correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) of will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fro cause the application to become ABANDOI	timely filed lays will be considered timely. om the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 O	ctober 2004.	
	action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is		
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.		
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1-30 is/are pending in the application.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6) ☐ Claim(s) is/are rejected.		
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>14-20 and 28-30</u> is/are objected to.		·
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.	
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.		
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority document 	s have been received.	
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No		
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	•	ived in this National Stage
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not recei	ived.
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summa	
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail	Date al Patent Application (PTO-152)
 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>10-25-2004</u>. 	6) Other:	ii i atom Apphoanon (i 10-102)

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of

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the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-13 and 21-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Goicoechea, et al.-5609627 in view of Fiedler-.5817101

Goicoechea discloses the method as claimed including the placing of a bifurcated stent with a body and two stump portions and then subsequently introducing two leg portions overlapping the proximal ends of the stump portions. However, it is not disclosed that the leg portions are introduced sequentially from the proximal end to the distal end. Fiedler discloses stent introducers which can allow for the proximal end of the stent to be released first and then the distal end to be subsequently released. It would have been obvious to have used a stent introducer device such as disclosed by Fieldler, as Fiedler discloses in col. 5 lines 57-67 that such allows for precise placement of the proximal end of the stent to define the final implant location.

To have provided the legs in more than one part would have been an obvious design choice as merely being an obvious duplication of known parts.

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Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 14-20 and 28-30 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 10-29-2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that neither reference discloses all of the limitations of the rejected claims. This is correct. It is also argued that there is no suggestion to combine the structure of one device with the structure of the other device. The examiner did not state that it would have been obvious to combine any structure of the two prior art devices. The examiner stated that it would have been obvious to use the Goicoechea device to originally position the bifurcated portion of the prosthesis, and then use the Fiedler device to position the leg portions. The motivation for using a proximally seating first deployment system is found in Fiedler in col. 5 lines 57-67 where it states that such a feature allows for precise placement of the proximal end of the implant thus defining the final implant location. Since one skilled in the art would have known that the proximal extent (as well as the distal extent) of the prosthesis's placement in the vessel is important, to have used a device which would accurately position the proximal-most part (leg) of the prosthesis would have been an obvious method step to perform following placement of the body and stump portions of the bifurcated prosthesis.

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Therefore, clearly there is a motivation for using the Fielder device to place the proximal-most portion of the prosthesis.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Glenn K Dawson whose telephone number is 703-308-4304. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th 7:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Anhtuan T. Nguyen can be reached on 703-308-2154. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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Gkd January 05, 2005